

Possible layout for arc cells of HE-LHC

Demin Zhou and Yuri Nosochkov

Acknowledgements:

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18th HE-LHC design meeting, CERN, Aug. 22, 2017

1. Possible layouts for the arcs of HE-LHC

➤ Arcs designed by Y. Nosochkov

- 18x 60-deg ([helhc_v102](#))
- 20x 90-deg ([helhc_v201](#)) [Almost given up because of poor geometry fit to LHC layout]
- 18x 80-deg ([helhc_v300](#)) [Preserve resonance cancelation condition: $4 \times 2\pi$]

➤ Possible modifications using the same layout of [helhc_v102](#)

- 18x 90-deg [Preserve resonance cancelation condition if considering DS as a 90-deg cell: $4 \times 2\pi \Rightarrow$ Add sextuples to DSs, similar as LHC]

1. Possible layouts for the arcs of HE-LHC

► Integration of various arcs with IRs of SLHC3.1a by Thys

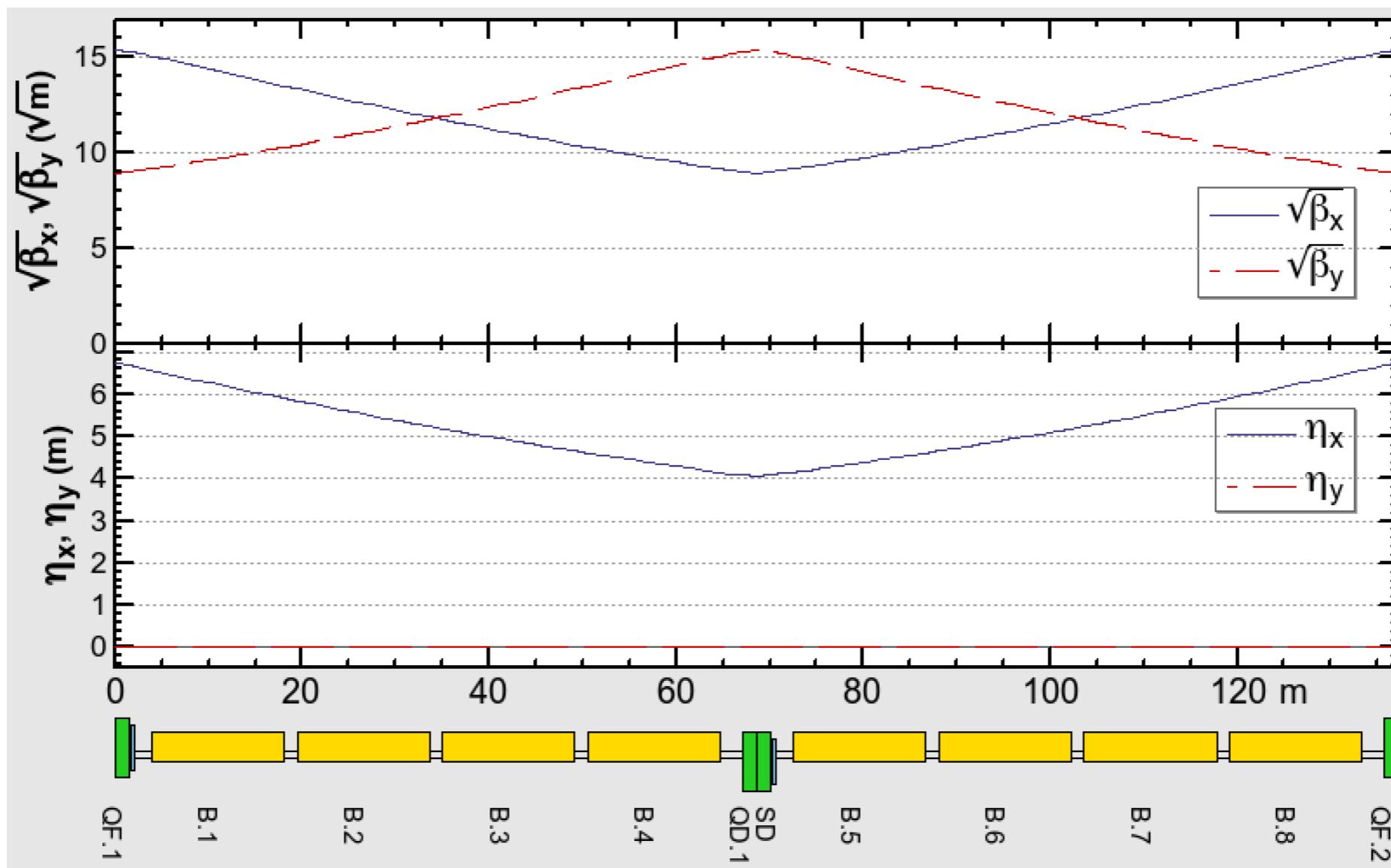
- Official directory: [/afs/cern.ch/eng/lhc/optics/HELHC](https://afs.cern.ch/eng/lhc/optics/HELHC)

-rw-r--r--. 1 riss si 292099	Jul 23 12:05	merged_HE-LHC.17x90_tr.seq
-rw-r--r--. 1 riss si 10276	Jul 30 10:13	merged_HE-LHC.17x90_tr.str
-rw-r--r--. 1 riss si 274907	Jul 9 16:44	merged_HE-LHC.18x60_tr.seq
-rw-r--r--. 1 riss si 10276	Jul 11 12:16	merged_HE-LHC.18x60_tr.str
-rw-r--r--. 1 riss si 295747	Jul 9 17:05	merged_HE-LHC.18x60_v102.seq
-rw-r--r--. 1 riss si 10278	Jul 11 12:19	merged_HE-LHC.18x60_v102.str
-rw-r--r--. 1 riss si 302843	Jul 11 10:41	merged_HE-LHC.20x90_v200_5657.seq
-rw-r--r--. 1 riss si 10283	Jul 28 10:31	merged_HE-LHC.20x90_v200_5657.str
-rw-r--r--. 1 riss si 303290	Jul 24 22:13	merged_HE-LHC.20x90_v201.seq
-rw-r--r--. 1 riss si 10278	Jul 28 11:32	merged_HE-LHC.20x90_v201.str
-rw-r--r--. 1 riss si 377354	May 20 15:35	merged_HE-LHC.seq
-rw-r--r--. 1 riss si 6515	May 19 17:11	merged_HE-LHC.str

1. Possible layouts for the arcs of HE-LHC

► 18x 60-deg (helhc_v102 by Y.N.)

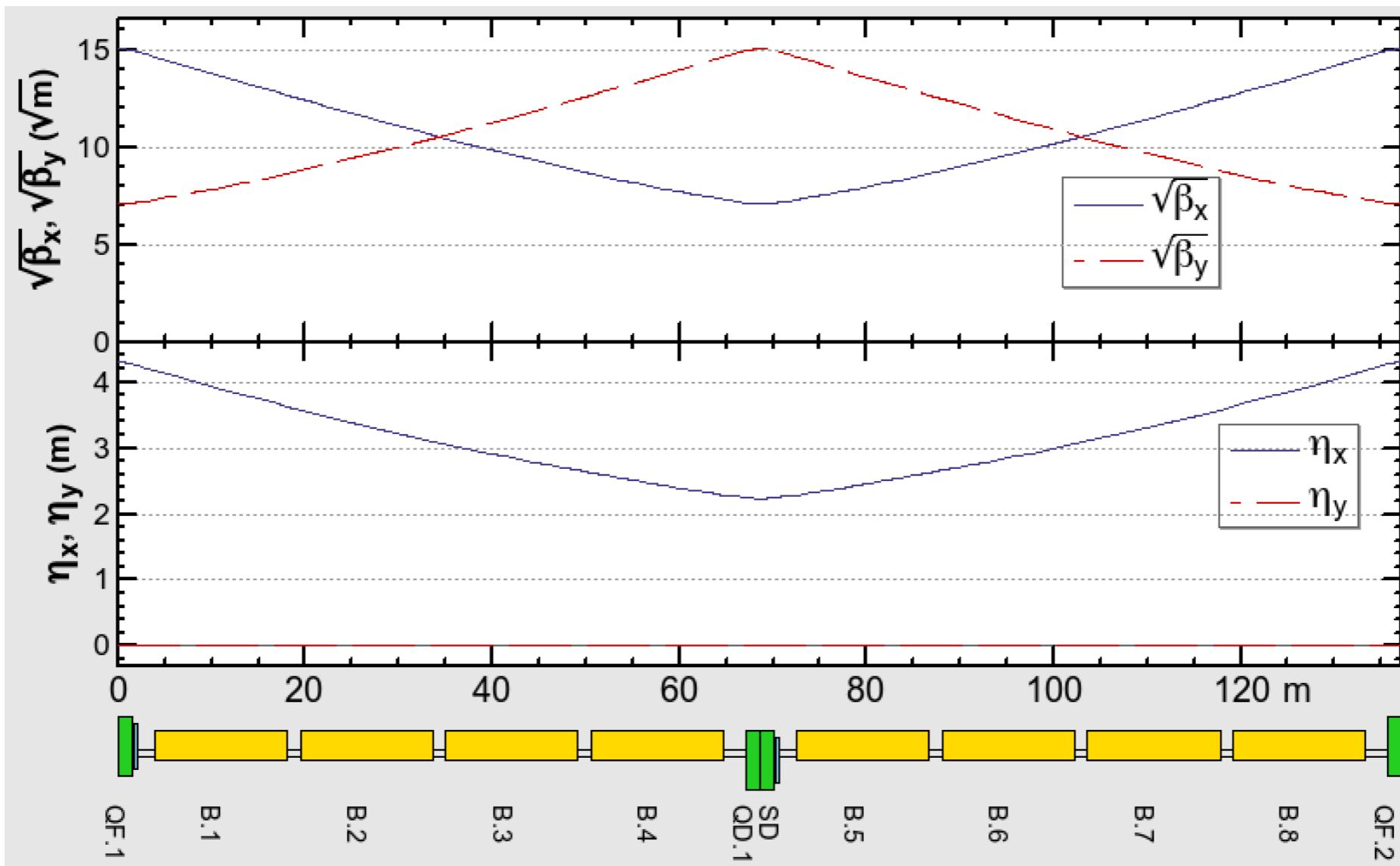
- LB=14.18m, LQ=3.1m, LS=0.369m
- LBQ=2.358m, LSB=1.829m, LQS=0.16m, LBB=1.36m



1. Possible layouts for the arcs of HE-LHC

► 18x 80-deg (helhc_v300 by Y.N.)

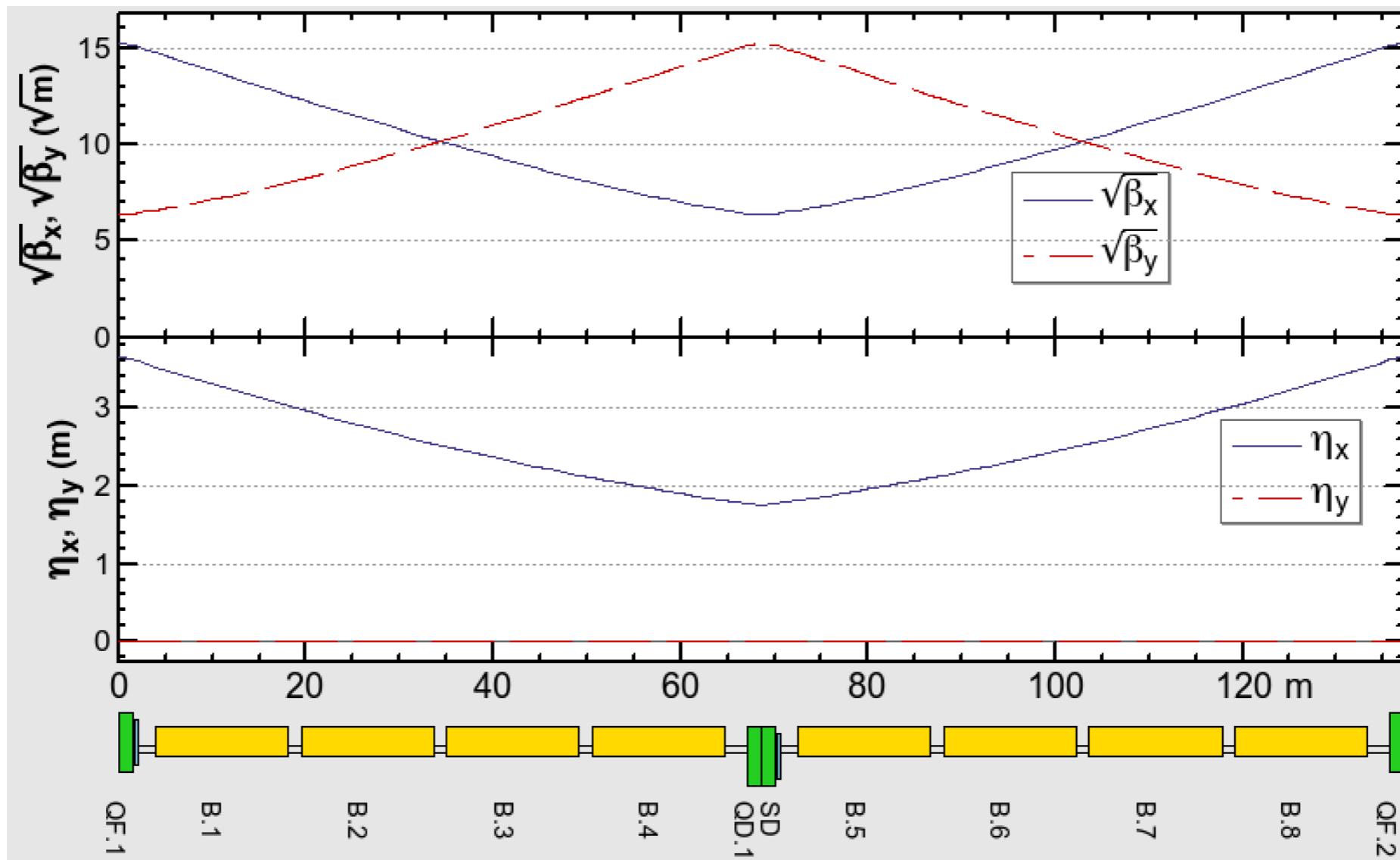
- LB=14.18m, LQ=3.1m, LS=0.369m
- LBQ=2.358m, LSB=1.829m, LQS=0.16m, LBB=1.36m
- Same geometry of helhc_v102



1. Possible layouts for the arcs of HE-LHC

► 18x 90-deg

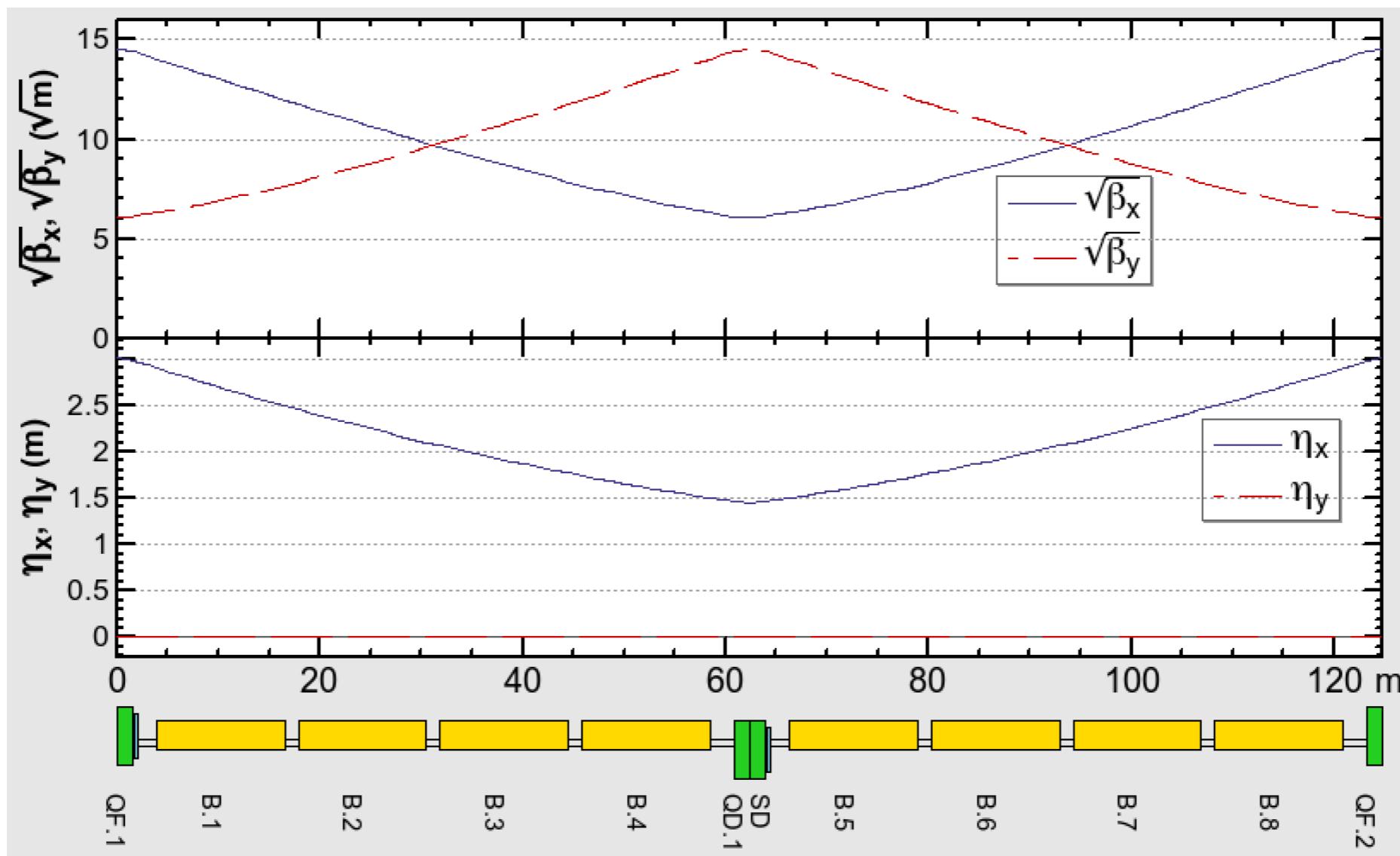
- LB=14.18m, LQ=3.1m, LS=0.369m
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- Same geometry of helhc_v102



1. Possible layouts for the arcs of HE-LHC

► 20x 90-deg

- LB=12.625m, LQ=3.1m, LS=0.369m
- LBQ=2.36m, LSB=1.831m, LQS=0.16m, LBB=1.36m



1. Possible layouts for the arcs of HE-LHC

► FCC tech: **16 T@B, 400 T/m@Q, 7800 T/m²@S**

	LHC-like	18x60 ⁰	18x80 ⁰	18x90 ⁰	20x90 ⁰
Arc cell phase advance [deg]	90/90	60/60	80/80	90/90	90/90
Arc cell length [m]	106.958		137.233		124.8
K1 [m ⁻¹]	0.027	0.0148	0.019	0.021	0.023
$\beta_{\max/\min}$ [m]	181.3/31.5	236.7/79.5	227.7/50.0	233.0/40.4	211.7/36.8
$\eta_{\max/\min}$ [m]	2.2/1.1	6.7/4.1	4.3/2.2	3.6/1.8	3.0/1.5
Dipole length [m]	14.3 [x6]		14.18 [x8]		12.625 [x8]
Dipole field [T] @13.5TeV	16.06		15.59		15.92
Quad. gradient [T/m] @13.5TeV	391.7	214.8	276.2	303.9	334.7
Sext. gradient [T/m ²] @13.5TeV	4883	866	1824	?	2940
Filling factor	0.802		0.827		0.809

1. Possible layouts for the arcs of HE-LHC

► General scaling laws

- Assume ideal FODO cell [thin-lens, 100% filling factor]

$$\sin(\Phi/2) = \frac{1}{4} K_1 L_{\text{cell}}$$

$$\beta_{\pm} = \frac{2(1 \pm K_1 L_{\text{cell}}/4)}{K_1 \sqrt{1 - (K_1 L_{\text{cell}}/4)^2}}$$

$$B\rho = P_0/e$$

$$\eta_{\pm} = \frac{4}{\rho K_1^2} (1 \pm K_1 L_{\text{cell}}/8)$$

$$K_{2\pm} = \frac{K_1}{\eta_{\pm}}$$

Note:

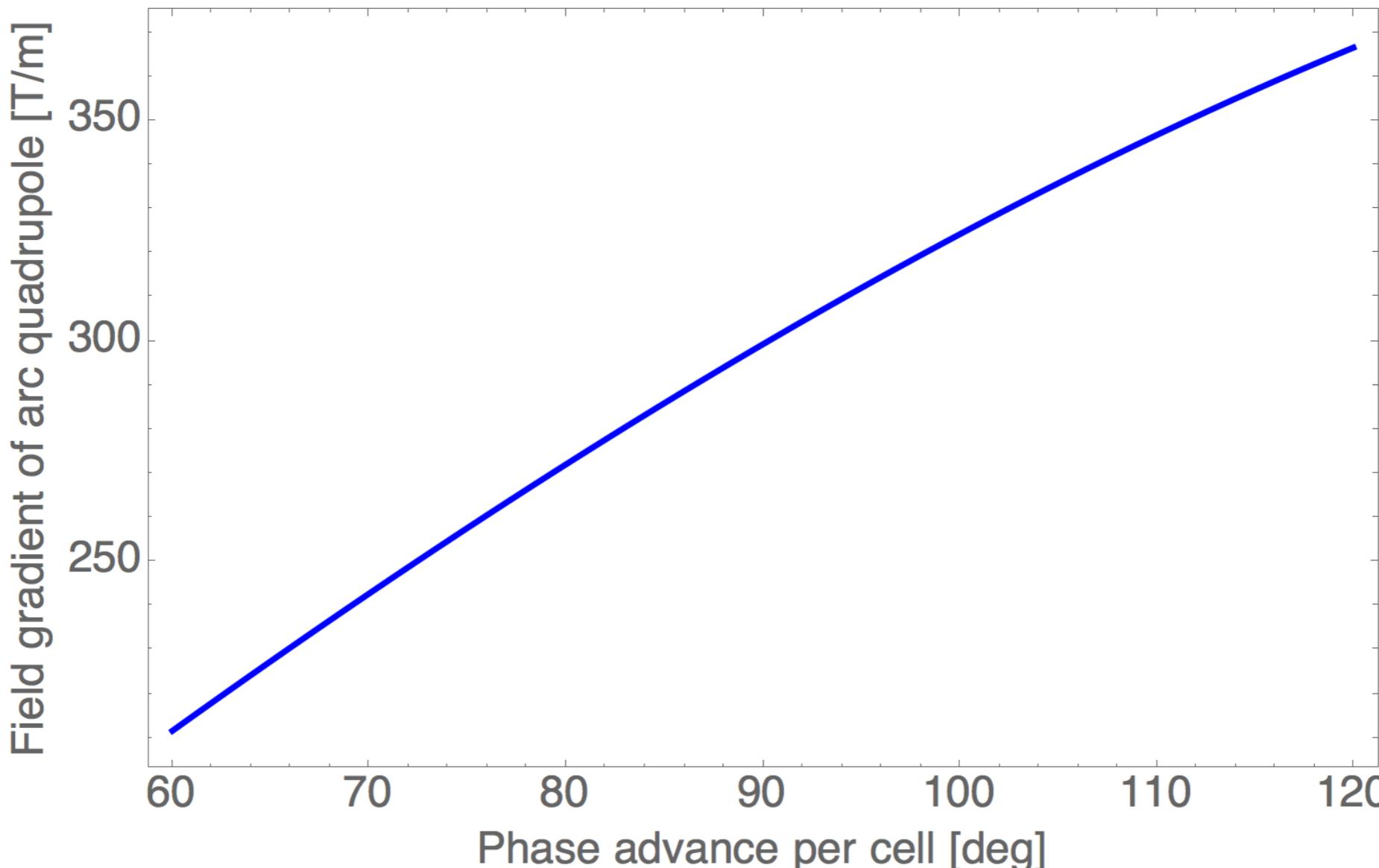
Sextupole strength for chromaticity correction ONLY in arc cells.
IRs and DSs require higher K_2

1. Possible layouts for the arcs of HE-LHC

► General scaling laws

- Assume ideal FODO cell [thin-lens, 100% filling factor]
- Use 18x60 layout:

$L_{\text{cell}}=137.233 \text{ m}$, $L_Q=3.1 \text{ m}$, $L_B=L_{\text{cell}}/2$, $L_s=0.369 \text{ m}$, $E=13.5 \text{ TeV}$

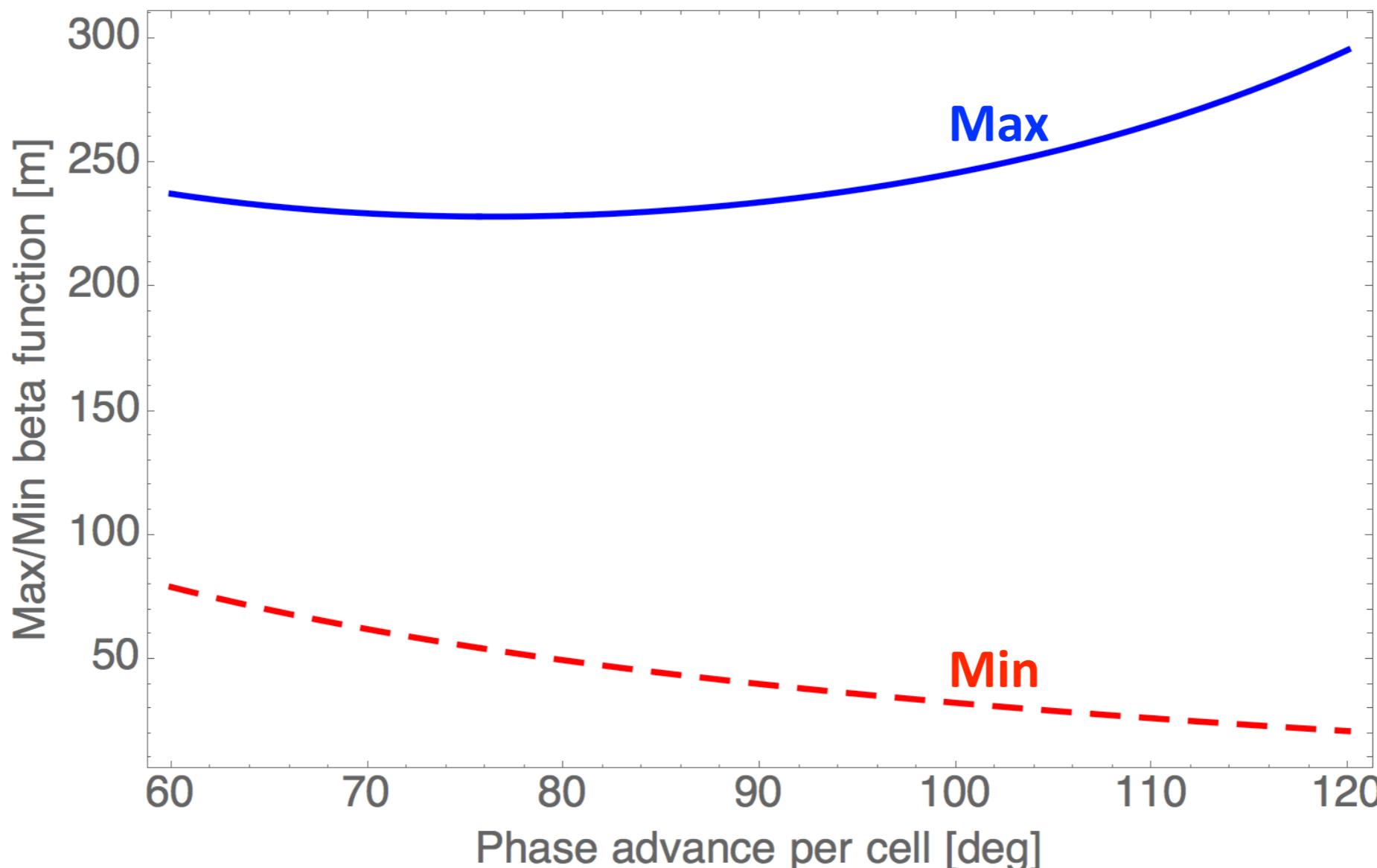


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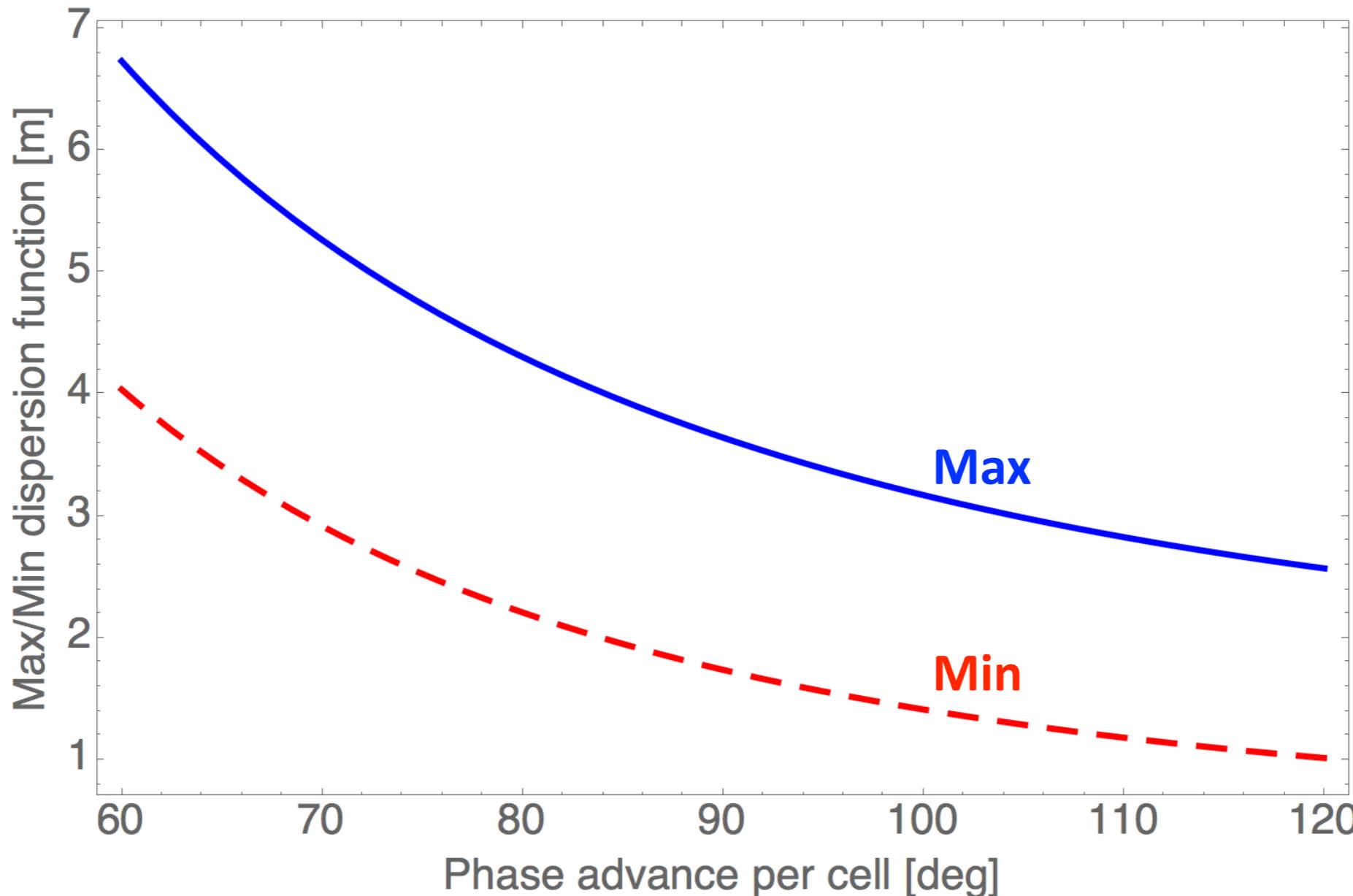


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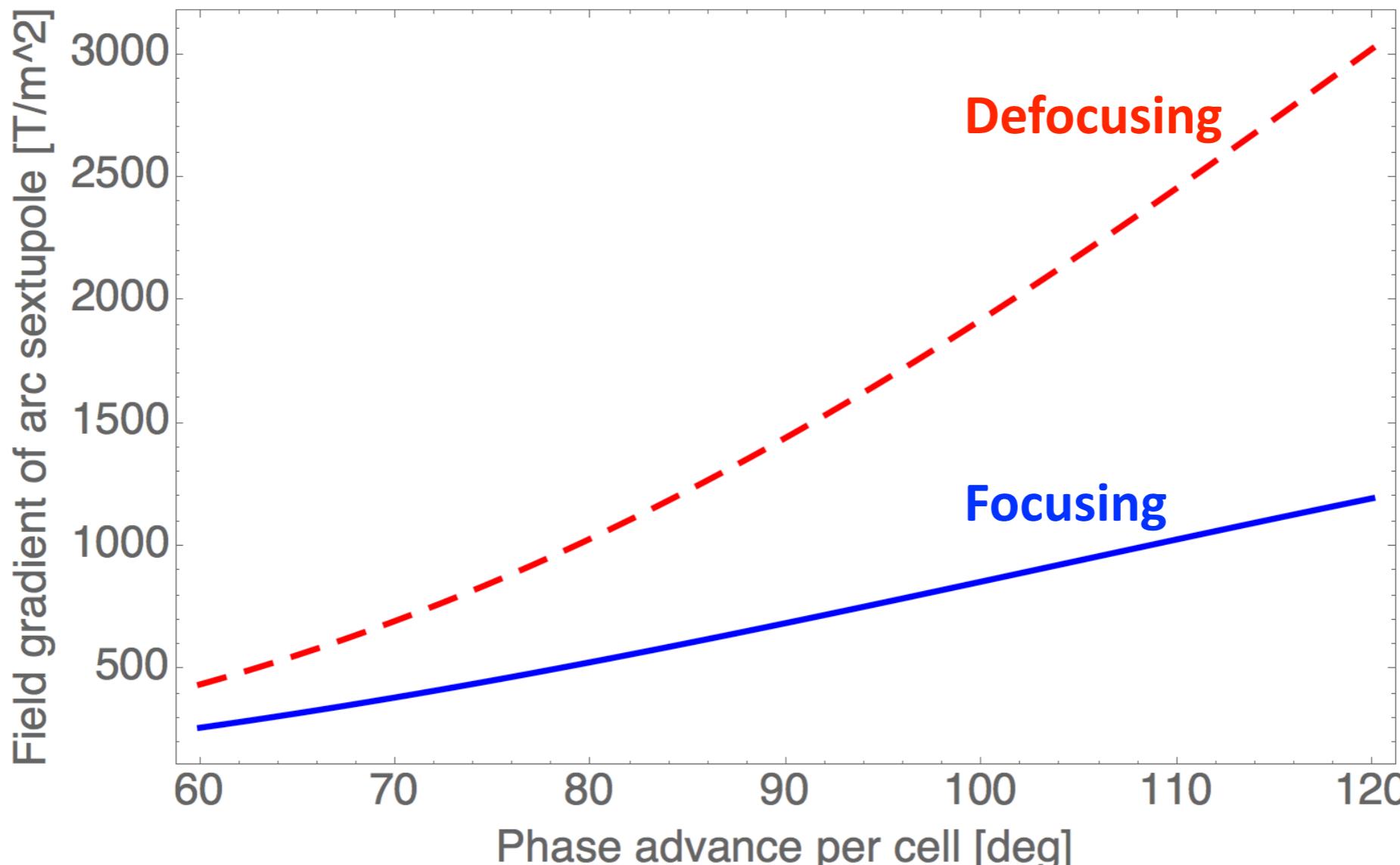


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1. Possible layouts for the arcs of HE-LHC

➤ Check n1

- “1-D” aperture [Ref. J.B. Jeanneret and T. Risselada, LHC Project Note 66, 1996]
- Parameters [Ref. F. Zimmermann, 12th HE-LHC meeting, Apr.16, 2017]:
 $L_x=15 \text{ mm}$, $t_x=(2+1) \text{ mm}$, $f_{\text{arc}}=0.14$, $\delta_p=8.6*10^{-4}$, $\epsilon_x=2.5 \mu\text{m}$, $k_\beta=1.05$

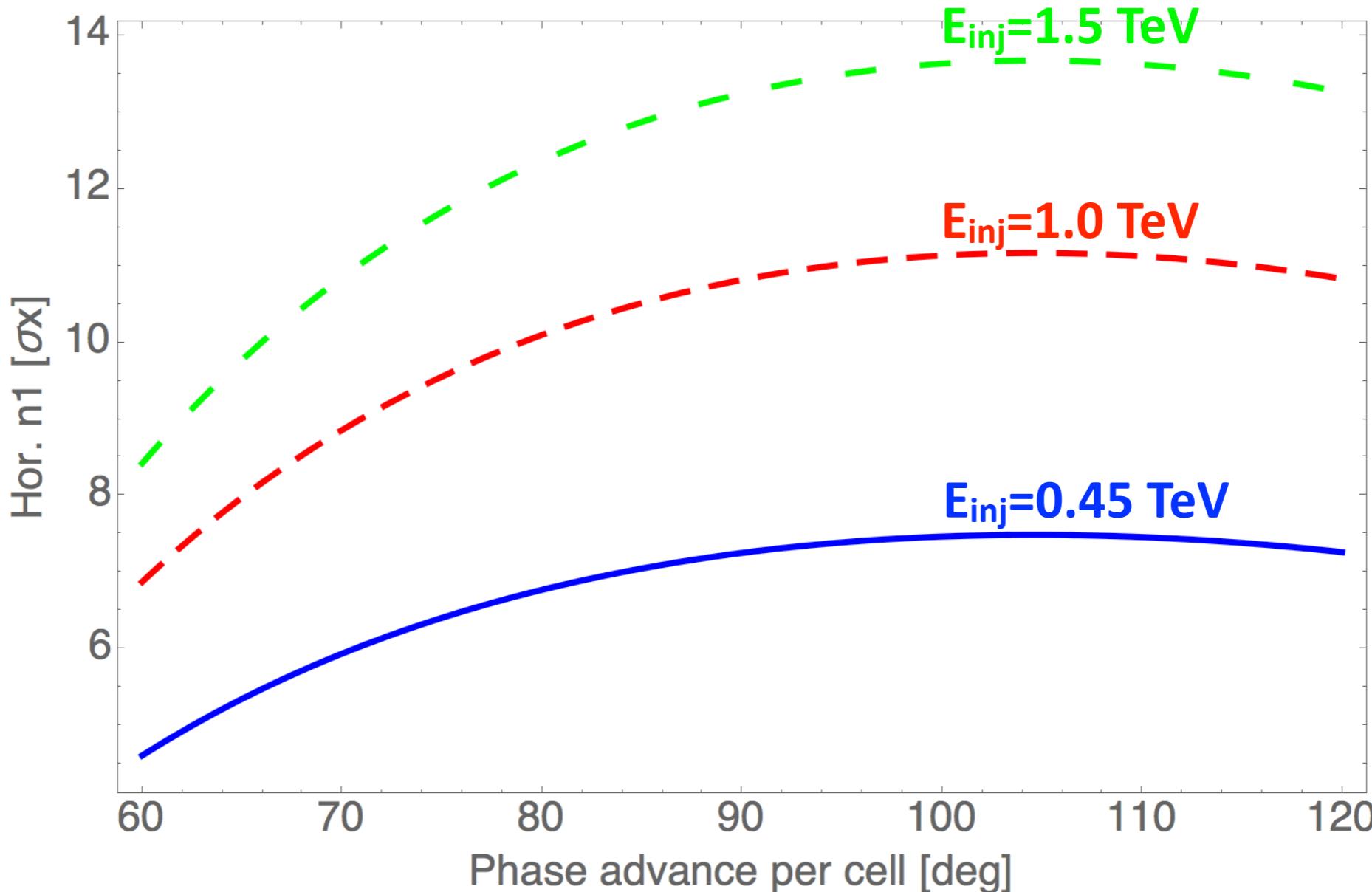
$$n1_x = \frac{L_x - t_x - (1 + f_{\text{arc}})D_x\delta_p}{k_\beta\sigma_x}$$

$$\sigma_x = \sqrt{\beta_x\epsilon_x}$$

1. Possible layouts for the arcs of HE-LHC

► Check n1 at QF

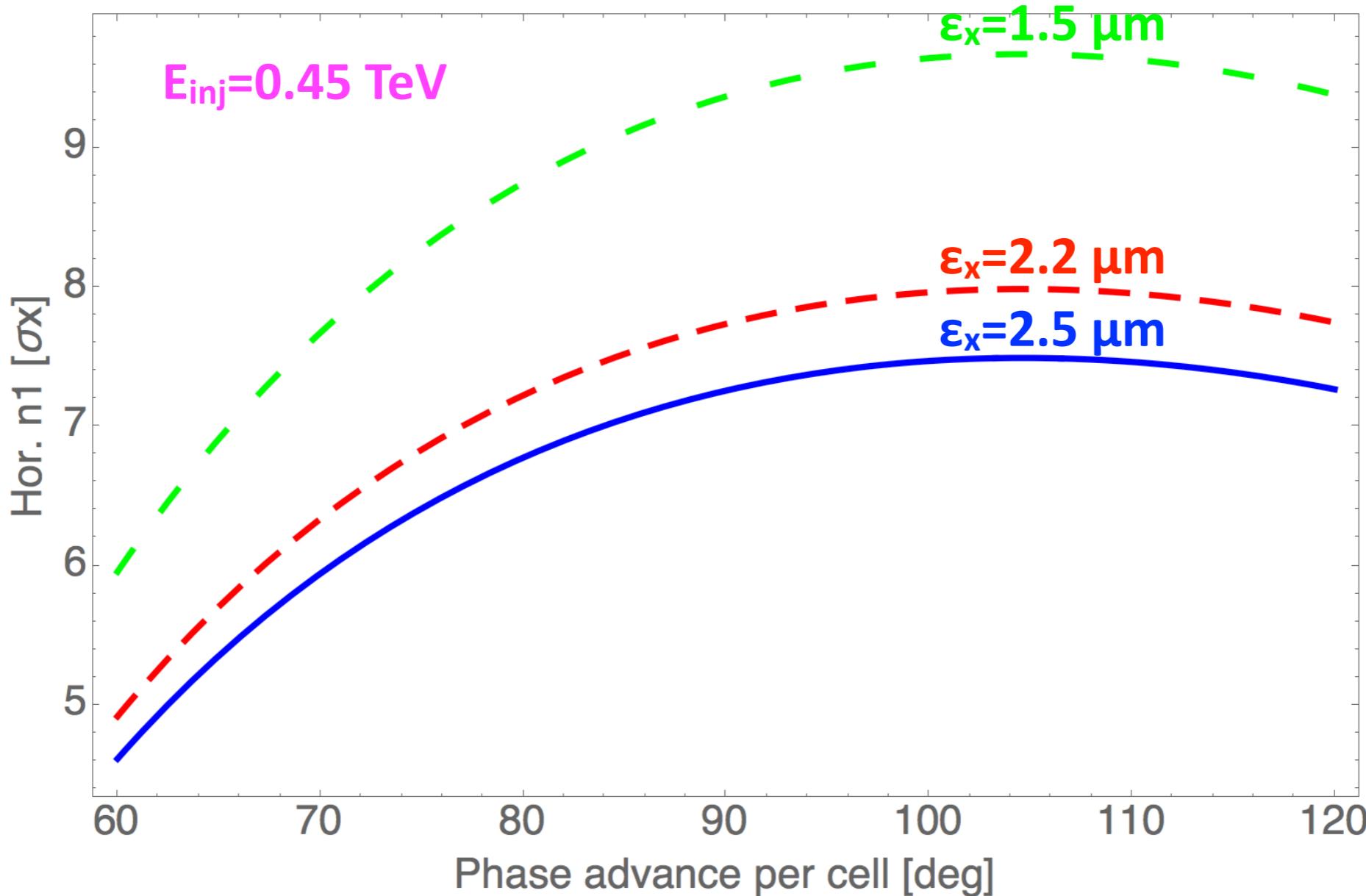
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2. Summary

➤ “1-D” aperture n1

- In arcs, the limit in n1 is at QF [Maximum β_x and η_x]
- Very sensitive to dispersion function in arcs
- Inversely proportional to $[\varepsilon_x/E_{inj}]^{1/2}$
- Using nominal parameters of HE-LHC, $n1=4.6/6.8/7.3$ for
60/80/90 deg per cell with the 18-cell arc layout
- Open question: What is the minimum n1 for HE-LHC arcs, if we trust the simple “1-D” formula?

3. Strategy for HE-LHC design

➤ Task distribution

- Arc cells and DSs
- IR1 and IR5: Main experiment IRs
- IR3 and IR7: collimation
- IR4 and IR6: RF and beam dump
- Full lattice: Global matching&optimization/chromaticity

correction/toolkits

- Beam-beam issues
- Collective effects
-

3. Strategy for HE-LHC design

➤ Iterative design process

- Step 1: Create arc cells, adjust DSs, matching to SLHC IRs [respect to LHC geometry]
- Step 2: IR design/update, repeat Step 1
- Step 3: Global matching&optimization/chromaticity correction
- Step 4: DA calculations with errors
- Step 5: Check challenges (technical and beam physics), if hit show-stopper, restart from Step 1
- Step 6: Collimation and other sub-system design/update (electron lens, crab cavity, etc.)

3. Strategy for HE-LHC design

- Two series of meetings
- Design meeting: roughly every two weeks
 - Overview of optics design
 - Infrastructure
 - Hardware, technologies, etc.
 - Acc. physics-hardware “interfaces”
 - ...
- Optics meeting: tentatively weekly
 - Focus on accelerator physics
 - Optics design of arcs and IRs
 - Optics matching/tuning/optimization
 - Acc. physics simulations
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