

Clover Action on Anisotropic Lattice

-Charmonium at Finite Temperature-

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Introduction

Motivation

Hadron physics of QCD phase transition



use finite temperature lattice QCD

◇ Charmonium

- mass shift near T_c
- J/ψ suppression above T_c

◇ Light Hadrons

- mass shift near T_c
- existence of bound state above T_c
- chiral restoration

Difficulties

○ $T \rightarrow$ large, N_t (d.o.f. in t-direction) \rightarrow small
 \Rightarrow Anisotropic lattice (more info. about t-direction)

○ Remove $O(a)$ effect
 \Rightarrow Clover quark action

Anisotropic Lattice

Detailed information in t-(temperature) direction

⇒ Anisotropic lattice

Iso-Latt Fig.

Aniso-Latt Fig.

Lattice Actions

Gauge field action:

$$S_G(\beta, \gamma) = \sum_{x,i,j} \left[\frac{\beta}{\gamma} U_{i,j}(x) + \beta\gamma U_{i,4}(x) \right]$$

input $(\beta, \gamma) \longrightarrow (a_s, \xi)$

Heavy quark action:

\Rightarrow Fermilab (Clover) action

on Anisotropic lattice

Clover action : Sheikholeslami, Wohlert('85)

Fermilab action : El-Khadra, Kronfeld, Mackenzie('97)

$$S_F(\kappa_s, \gamma_F) = \sum_x \bar{q}(y) K[U](x, y) q(x)$$

$$K[U](x, y) = 1 - \kappa_s \sum_i [(\xi^{-1} - \gamma_i) T_{+i} + (\xi^{-1} + \gamma_i) T_{-i}]$$
$$- \kappa_t [(1 - \gamma_4) T_{+4} + (1 + \gamma_4) T_{-4}]$$
$$- \kappa_s \frac{1}{2\xi} c_B \vec{\Sigma} \cdot \vec{B} + \kappa_t \frac{1}{2\xi} c_E \vec{\alpha} \cdot \vec{E}$$

$$\kappa_t = \gamma_F \kappa_s$$

$$\text{input}(\kappa_s, \gamma_F) \longrightarrow (m_q, \xi_F)$$

c_B, c_E : Clover coefficients

$$T_{+\mu}(x, y) = U_\mu(x) \delta_{x+\hat{\mu}, y}$$

$$T_{-\mu}(x, y) = U_\mu(x - \hat{\mu}) \delta_{x-\hat{\mu}, y}$$

Calibration

Find γ_F (and κ_s) which gives $\xi_F = \xi$

○ Anisotropy of gauge field : ξ

$$\xi = a_s/a_t$$

determined from Wilson loops

○ Anisotropy of quark field : ξ_F

use Dispersion Relation of meson

◇ Dispersion Relation

$$\xi_F^2 = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\hat{P}^2}{\cosh E(\vec{p}) - \cosh E(0)}$$
$$\hat{P}_i = 2 \sin \frac{P_i}{2}$$

◇ Meson correlator

- $C(\vec{P}, t) = \sum_{\vec{x}} e^{-i\vec{P}\cdot\vec{x}} \cdot \langle O_{\Gamma}(x) \cdot O_{\Gamma}^{\dagger}(0) \rangle$
- $P_i = \left(\frac{2\pi}{N_i} \cdot k_i\right) \quad k_i \in Z$
- $C(\vec{P}, t) \xrightarrow{t \gg 1} Z(p) \cdot \exp\{-E(\vec{p}) \cdot t\}$

Simulation Parameters

Gauge field:

- Quenched lattice

- $12^3 \times N_t$, $\beta = 5.68$, $\gamma = 4.0$

- $N_t = 72 (T \simeq 0)$, $20 (T < T_c)$, $16, 12 (T > T_c)$

- #Conf=60
 - Anisotropy: $\xi = a_s/a_t = 5.3(1)$

- Cut-off: $a_s^{-1} = 0.85(3) \text{ GeV}$, $a_t^{-1} = 4.5(2) \text{ GeV}$

from heavy quark potential

Heavy quark field:

- Hopping parameter and bare Anisotropy

- Calibration ($N_t = 72$, #conf.=20)

- $\kappa_s = 0.10$, $\gamma_F = 3.8, 3.9$

- $T \neq 0$ (#conf.=20)

- $\kappa_s = 0.10$, $\gamma_F = 3.8$

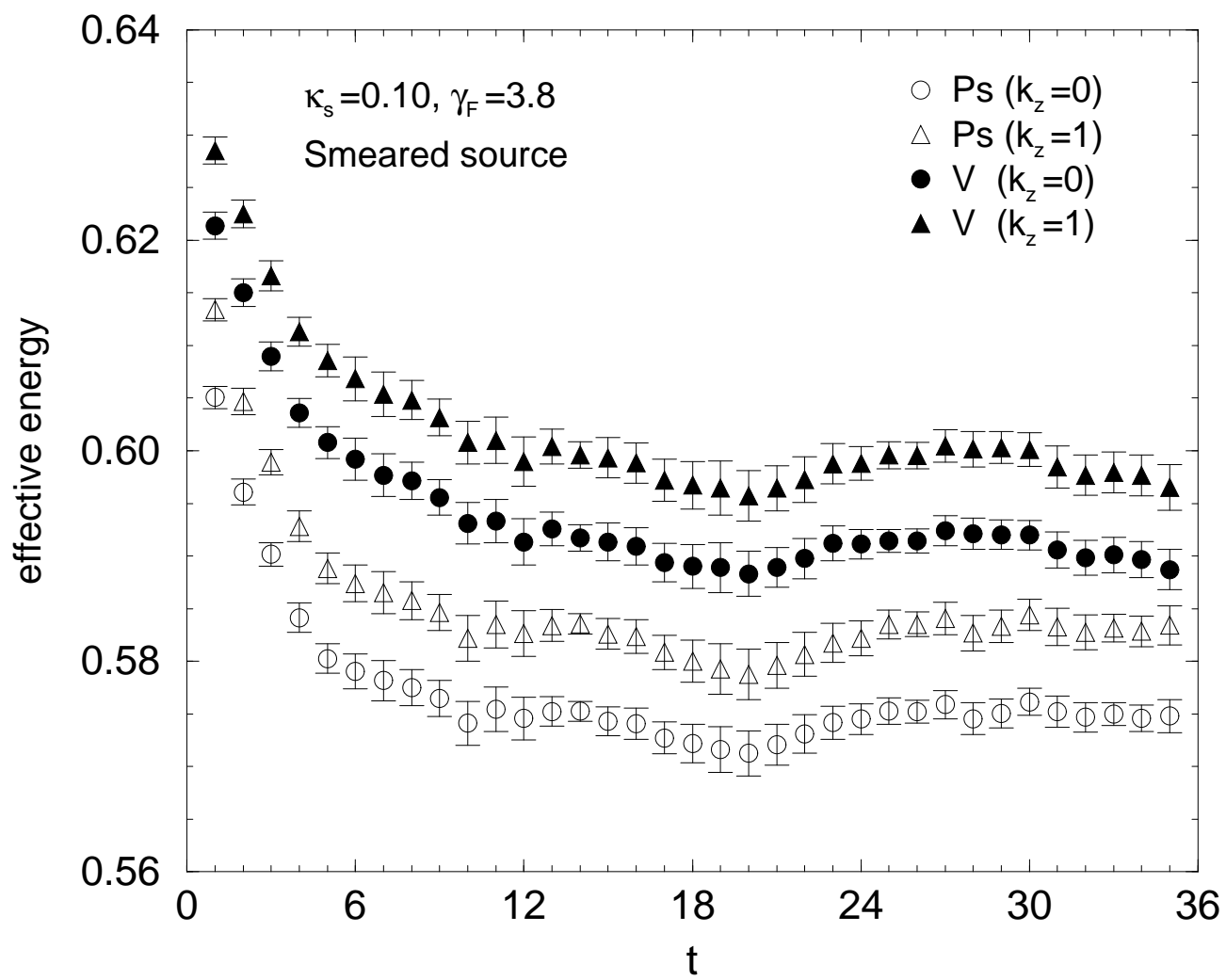
- Mean-field (Tadpole) improvement

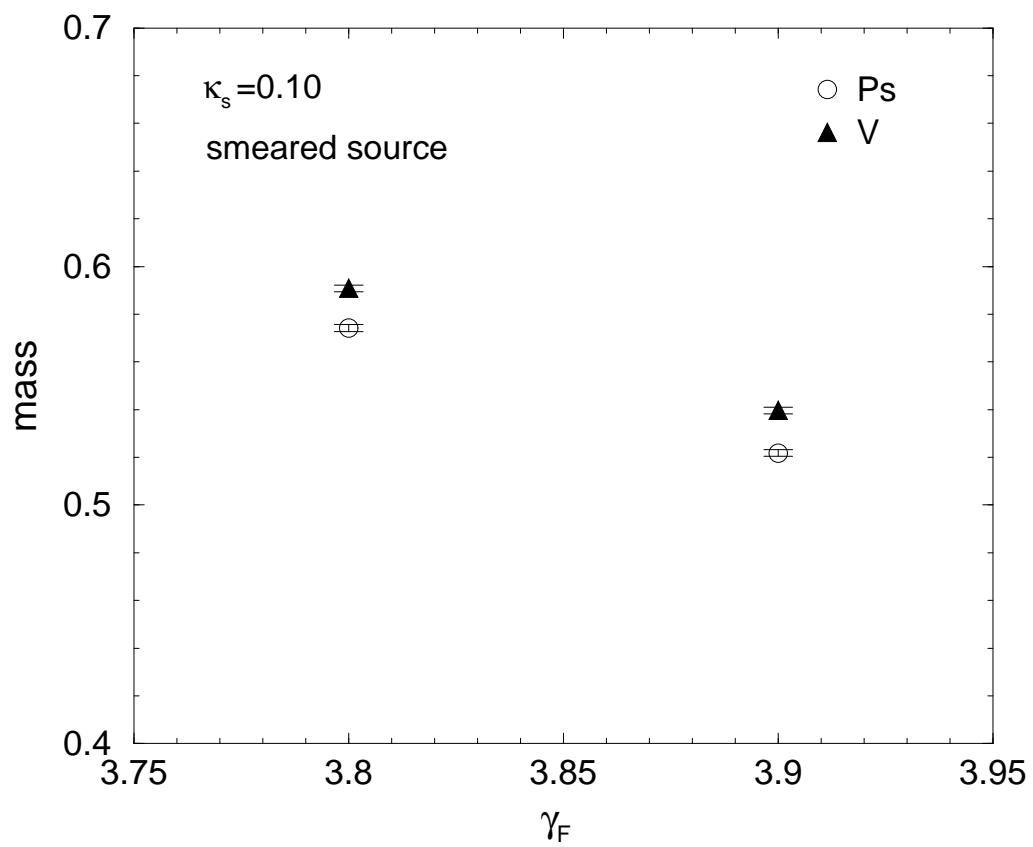
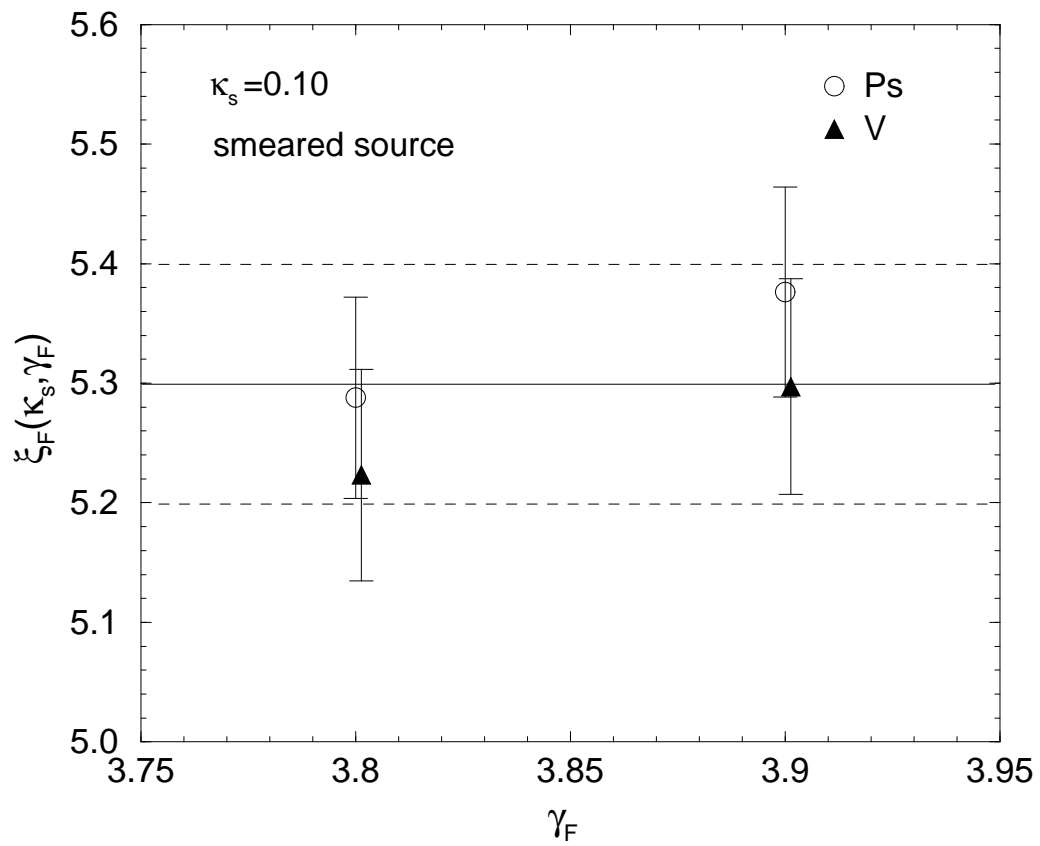
- $U_\mu \rightarrow U_\mu / u_{0\mu}$

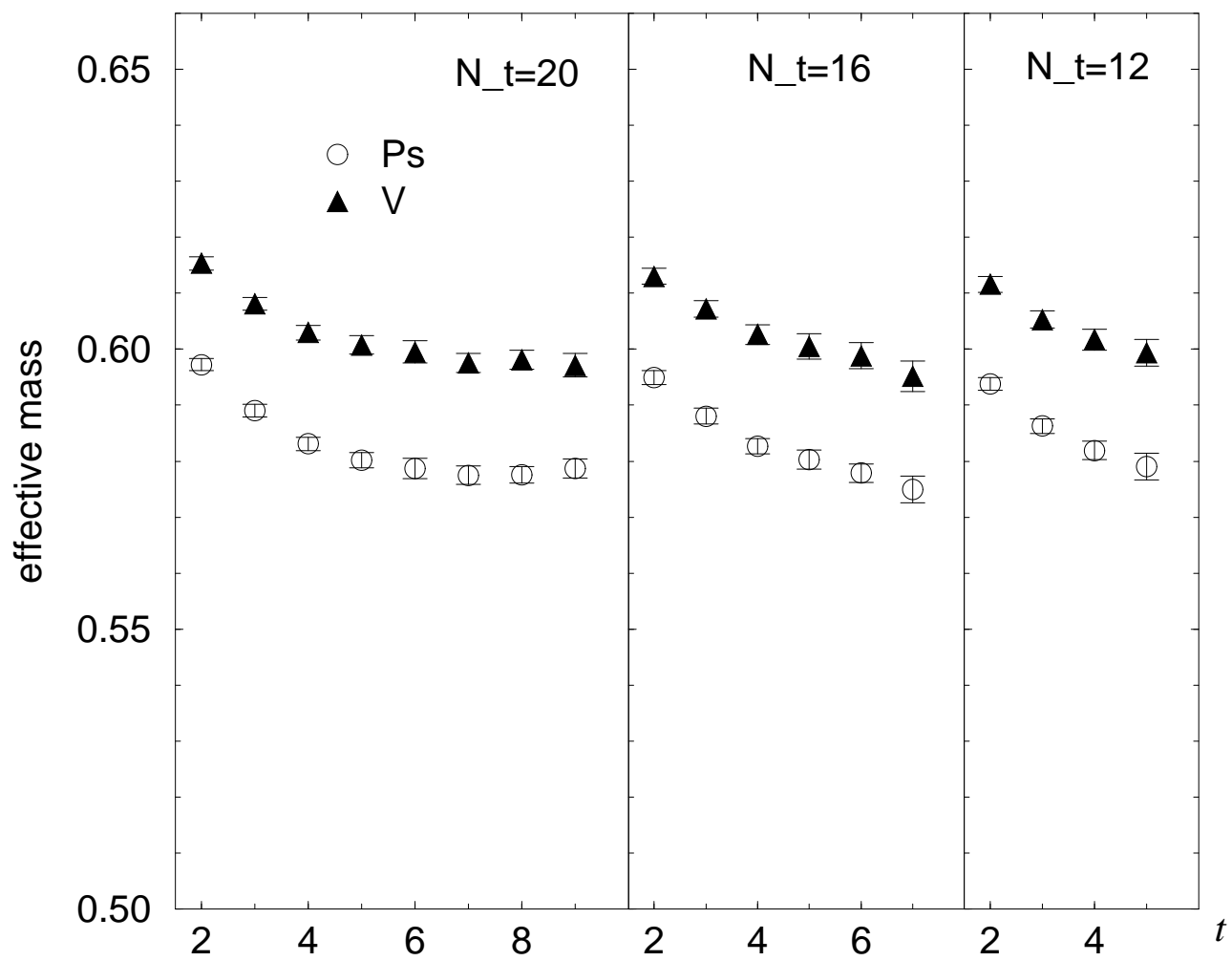
- u_{0s}, u_{0t} : determined with plaquette

- $\gamma_F \simeq 3.6$ in MF improvement

- $c_E = 1/u_{0t}^2 u_{0s}$, $c_B = 1/u_{0s}^3$







Summary

- Anisotropic Fermilab action
- Calibration with Dispersion Relation
- Measure charmonium mass
- γ_F is consistent with that in MF improvement
- mass : very sensitive to γ_F
- Unclear result for $N_t = 20, 16, 12$
 - variational analysis

Future Plan

- More detailed analysis of $m_{J/\psi}$, etc..
- Light quark with clover action
(mass shift, chiral restoration, etc..)
- Fine Lattice
- Dynamical Quark