

# Meson Spectroscopy with Clover Action on Anisotropic Lattice

## -The QCD-TARO Collaboration-

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## Introduction

### Motivation

Hadron physics  
near QCD phase transition



use finite temperature lattice QCD

### Search for

- Behavior of hadrons at  $T > 0$
- mass shift near  $T_c$

### Especially, Charmonium Physics

- ◇ Search for signals of QGP
  - $J/\psi$  suppression above  $T_c$
  - mass shift near  $T_c$
  - existence of bound state above  $T_c$  ?
- ◇ Hyperfine Splitting
- ◇ etc...

## Our Approach

- Correlators

- Pole mass (mass of temporal direction)



- Screening mass(mass of spatial direction)

- Wave function

Is there bound state at  $T > T_c$  ?

- Spectral function

More detailed result of hadronic bound state

### Difficulties

○ $T \rightarrow$  large,  $N_t$  (d.o.f. in t-direction)  $\rightarrow$  small

$\Rightarrow$  Anisotropic lattice

(more info. about t-direction)

- Heavy quarkonium physics

and Remove  $O(a)$  effect

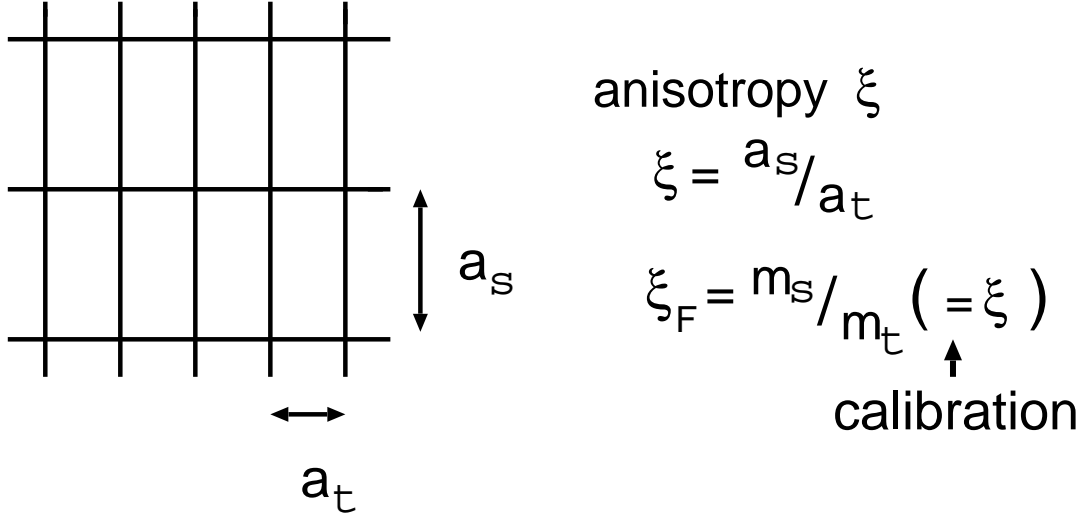
$\Rightarrow$  Fermilab (Clover) action

As effective theory to heavy quarkonium

- Smear source

Pick up bound state at small  $\tau$

## Anisotropic Lattice



## Lattice Actions

Gauge field action:

$$S_G(\beta, \gamma) = \sum_{x,i,j} \frac{\beta}{\gamma} U_{i,j}(x) + \sum_{x,i} \beta \gamma U_{i,4}(x)$$

Heavy quark action:

$$S_F(\kappa_s, \gamma_F) = \sum_x \bar{q}(x) K[U](x, y) q(y)$$

$$\begin{aligned} K[U](x, y) = & 1 - \kappa_s \sum_i [(\xi^{-1} - \gamma_i) T_{+i} + (\xi^{-1} + \gamma_i) T_{-i}] \\ & - \kappa_t [(1 - \gamma_4) T_{+4} + (1 + \gamma_4) T_{-4}] \\ & - \kappa_s \frac{1}{2\xi} c_B \vec{\Sigma} \cdot \vec{B} + \kappa_t \frac{1}{2\xi} c_E \vec{\alpha} \cdot \vec{E} \end{aligned}$$

$$\kappa_t = \gamma_F \kappa_s$$

## Calibration

Find  $\gamma_F$  and  $\kappa_S$  which gives  $\xi_F = \xi$

○ Anisotropy of gauge field :  $\xi$

$$\xi = a_s/a_t$$

determined from Wilson loops

○ Anisotropy of quark field :  $\xi_F$

◇ Dispersion Relation

for Heavy quark region

$$\xi_F^2 = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\hat{P}^2}{\cosh E(\vec{p}) - \cosh E(0)}$$
$$\hat{P}_i = 2 \sin \frac{P_i}{2}, P_i = \frac{2\pi k_i}{N_i}$$

## Simulation Parameters

- Quenched lattice
- Lattice Size  $12^3 \times N_t$ ,  
 $N_t=72(T \simeq 0)$ ,  $20(T < T_c)$ ,  $16,12(T > T_c)$

Gauge field:

- $\beta = 5.68$ ,  $\gamma = 4.0$
- #conf=60
- Anisotropy:  $\xi = a_s/a_t = 5.3(1)$
- Cut-off:  $a_s^{-1}=0.85(3)\text{GeV}$ ,  
 $a_t^{-1}=4.5(2)\text{GeV}$

Fermion field:

T=0

Choose  $\kappa_S$  and  $\gamma_F$  with  $\xi = \xi_F$

- $m_\nu \simeq 0.9, 2.0, 2.7, 3.1, 3.5 \text{ GeV}$

T>0

use same  $\kappa_S$  and  $\gamma_F$

- #conf.=60( $m_\nu \simeq 2.0, 2.7, 3.1, 3.5 \text{ GeV}$ )  
=20( $m_\nu \simeq 0.9 \text{ GeV}$ )

## Effective Mass at $T>0$

○parameters

$$\gamma_F = 3.67, \kappa_S = 0.09840, 1/\kappa = 9.69$$

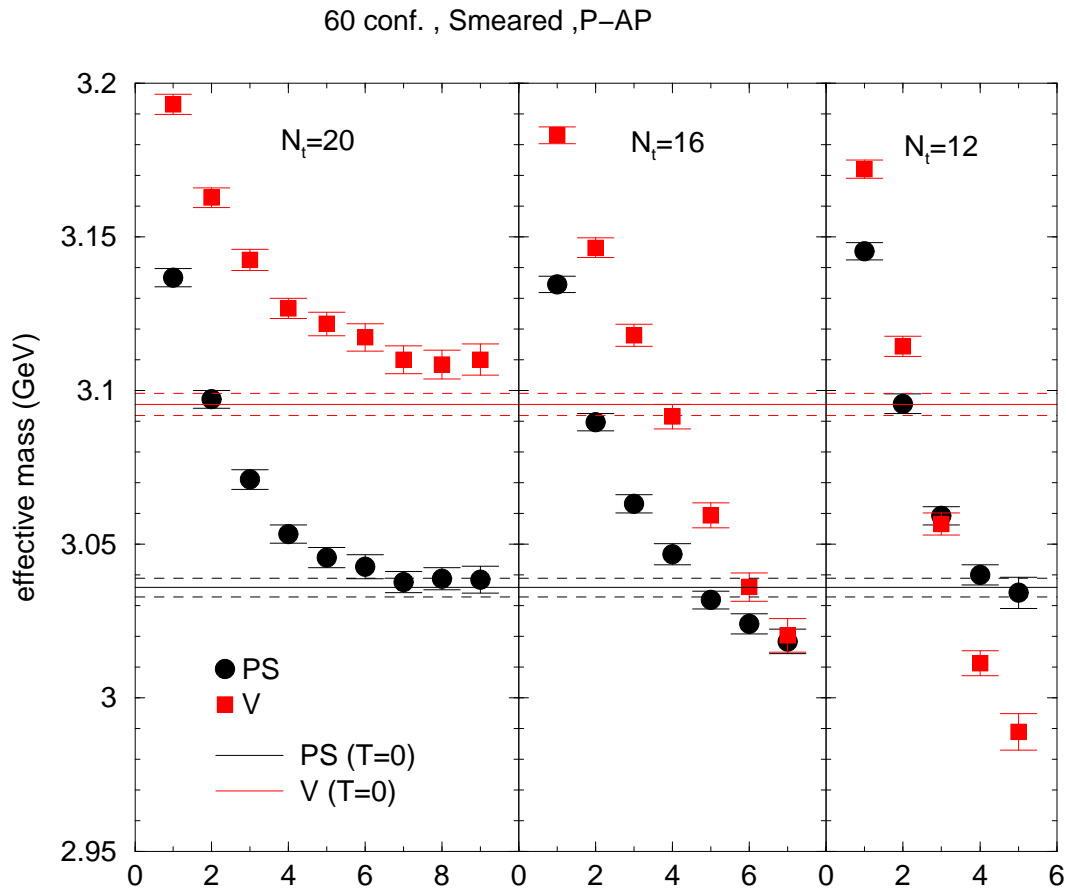
○#conf.=60

○Smearred Source(point-exp source)

○result at  $T=0$

$$m_{ps} = 3.0359(31) \text{ GeV},$$

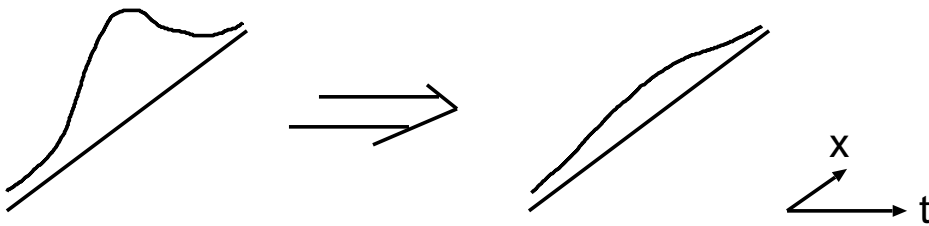
$$m_v = 3.0954(36) \text{ GeV}$$



# Wave Function

$$w_{\Gamma}(r, t) = \sum_{\vec{x}} \langle \bar{q}(\vec{x} + \vec{r}, t) \Gamma q(\vec{x}, t) O^{\dagger}(0) \rangle$$

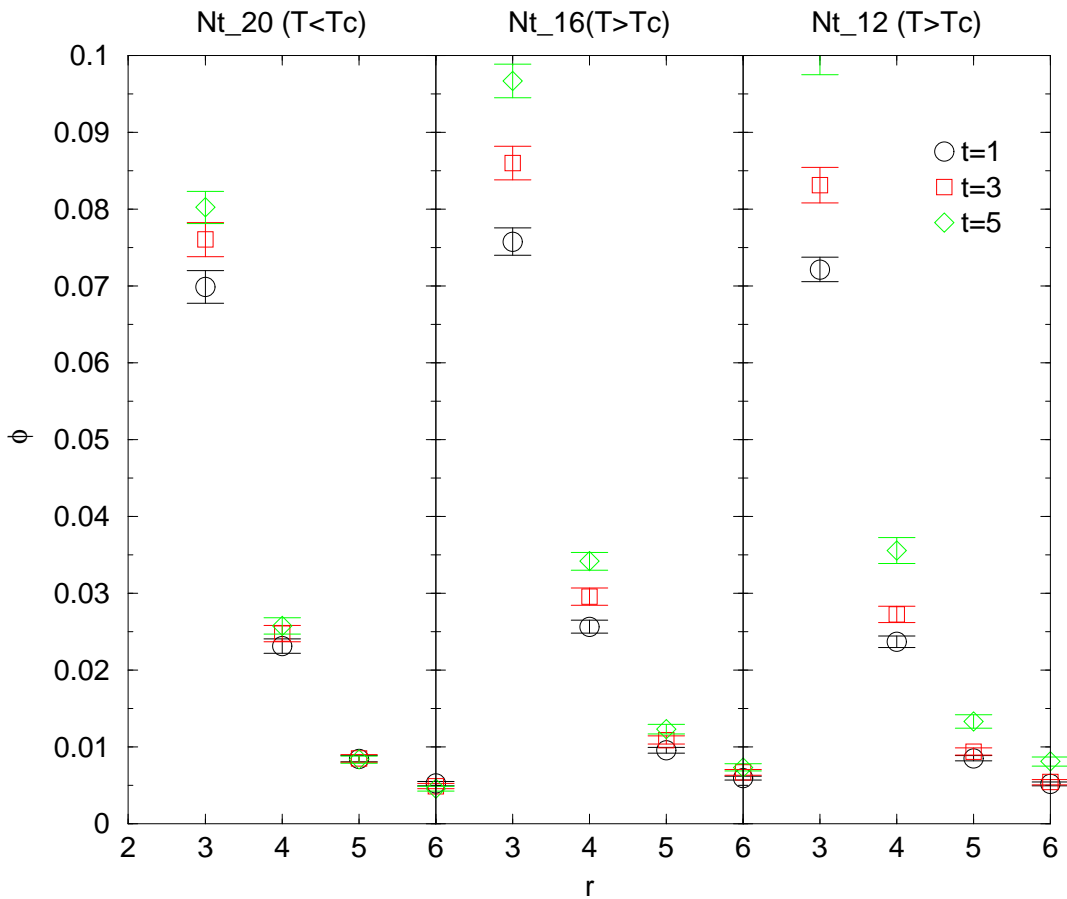
If there is no bound state (like free quark case), wave function becomes broader as  $t$ .



$$\phi_{\Gamma}(r, t) = w_{\Gamma}(r, t) / w_{\Gamma}(r = 0, t)$$

(normalized at spatial origin)

Vector, point-exp source





# Hyperfine Splitting

from experiment

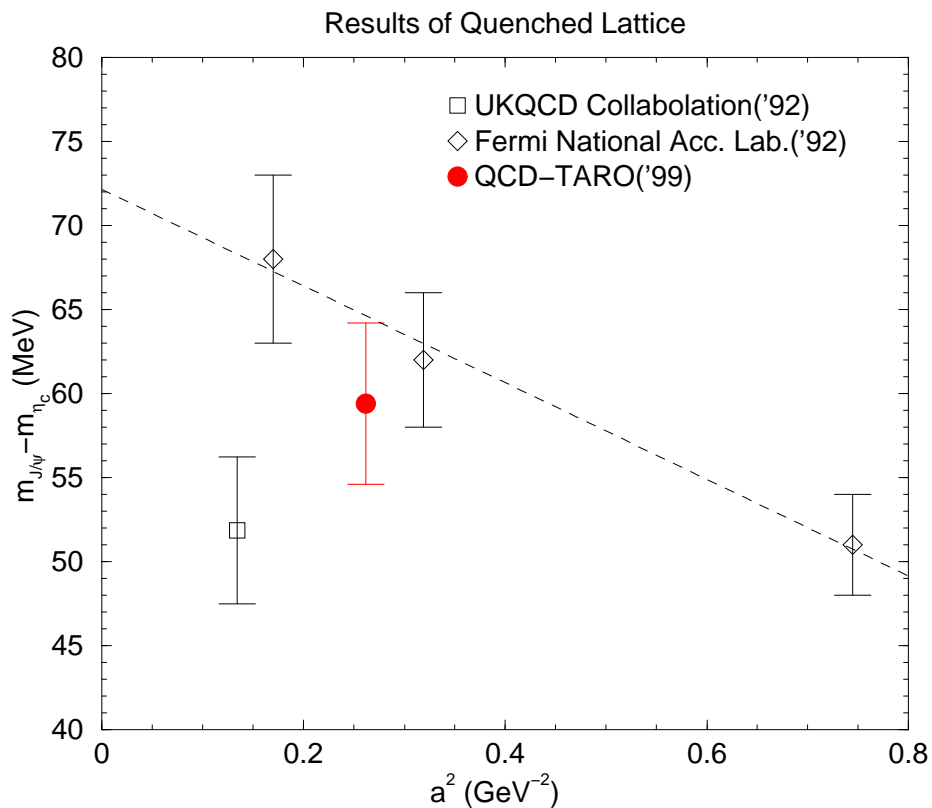
$$m_{J/\psi} - m_{\eta_c} \simeq 117.1 \text{ Mev}$$

from our results

$$m_{\eta_c} = 3.0359(31) \text{ Gev}$$

$$m_{J/\psi} = 3.0954(36) \text{ Gev}$$

$$m_{J/\psi} - m_{\eta_c} = 59.4(4.8) \text{ Mev}$$



## Summary

- Search for charmonium physics
- anisotropic Fermilab action
- Calibration → finished
- Mass Shift
  - Effective mass of Vector channel is rapidly dumped at  $T > T_c$
- Wave Function
  - Meson correlator doesn't change at  $T > T_c$
- Unclear result whether bound state exist
- Hyperfine Splitting
  - consistent with other papers

## Future Plan

More reliable determination of mass

→ Variational Analysis

→ Fine Lattice

Discussion of hadronic bound state

→ Spectral Function

Dynamical Quark, etc...